



ATAKAREJO CASE – MURDER OF YAN AND BRUNO

**SUPERMARKET PAYS COMPENSATION OF R\$20 MILLION AND IS
PROHIBITED FROM HIRING POLICE OFFICERS TO COVER SECURITY**

Imagem: Google Maps



The news of the signing of an agreement last Monday, September 18, signed by the Public Defender's Office of the State of Bahia, other state and social entities (Public Ministry of Labor, Public Defender's

Office of the Union, Educafro, Santo Dias Human Rights Center, black women's institute and the Public Ministry of Bahia) and wholesale market 'Atakarejo' sheds light on the barbaric crime that killed two

people accused of stealing meat from the store in the Amaralina neighborhood in Salvador in 2022. The accused were arrested in the market, tortured and handed over to criminals in the region who savagely murdered them.

The Agreement establishes social compensation of R\$20 million for actions to combat structural racism, commitments against social and racial discrimination and social inclusion, and limitations in contracting private security services.

The legal agreement has 42 clauses with obligations that must be fulfilled by Atakarejo. The objective, as stated in the term, is “to avoid, inhibit and curb individual and institutional racism in the territorial scope where it carries out its business activity, in order to adopt measures to combat discrimination, as well as to promote diversity, described in detail and exclusively in the clauses of this term”. In short, the company will have the obligation to implement anti-racist measures, without removing the obligation of financial consideration.

Regarding the use of security services, the agreement provides that Atakarejo will have some obligations when hiring personnel for property security, such as not hiring companies that have employees on their staff who are “active civil or military police officers or who have been expelled from such institutions; maintain among its employees people with final and unappealable

convictions for crimes involving the use of physical or psychological violence”, among others.

Clauses like these represent a fundamental step to “cleanse” private security services of nebulous practices, mainly the use of police officers hired informally or without due regularity as Security Guards, as required by law 7,102/83.

Thus, active civil and military police officers or those expelled from their respective institutions, as well as employees with criminal expressions using physical or psychological violence.

For Public Defender Vanessa Lopes, “the result of this process is very important for us, as it means another step in consolidating a culture of civil accountability for racial violence. We have lived for many years in Brazil repeating the phrase these racial acts have no consequence or response”, also affirming the importance of the amount that will be paid to invest in combating structural racism.

For our Unions and category, the agreement collaborates in our fight for the occupation of spaces that belong, in fact, and in law, to the Security Guards, especially because “A Security Guard is a Security Guard, the Police are the Police”, with the application of the teachings and commitments to defend the life and dignity of people.

José Boaventura – CNTV’s President

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